



CARE, MAINTENANCE AND CLEANING - Engineered Hardwood

Following these guidelines will help extend the lifespan of your hardwood floors.

Preventative Care

- Hardwood is a natural material that expands and contracts with seasonal changes. Proper care minimizes excessive movement.
- During warmer months (spring, summer, fall): Use an air conditioner or dehumidifier as needed to prevent expansion caused by high humidity.
- During winter: Run a central humidifier to reduce shrinkage due to low humidity.

Preventing Scratches & Blemishes

- Regularly remove dirt, dust, grit, and salt to protect the floor's surface.
- Use area rugs and mats at entryways and high-traffic areas to minimize wear. Clean them frequently to prevent trapped debris.
- Keep sharp objects like high heels and cleats off the floor to avoid permanent damage.
- Attach felt pads or floor protectors to furniture legs and lift rather than drag furniture when moving it.
- When vacuuming, avoid using plastic or metal attachments that may scratch the finish.

Water & Spill Management

- Immediately wipe and dry any spills, avoiding moisture in plank seams.
- DO NOT use household cleaners such as oils, soaps, waxes, Pine-Sol, vinegar, or harsh chemicals, as they can damage the finish and void the warranty.
- Stick to dry cleaning methods—avoid wet mops that leave excess moisture.
- Steam cleaners should never be used on hardwood floors.

Sunlight & Discoloration

- Prolonged exposure to sunlight may naturally alter wood color over time.
- To reduce sun exposure, use light-filtering window treatments like blinds or drapes.

By following these care instructions, you can preserve the beauty and durability of your hardwood flooring for years to come.